





Conference Paper

Bisexual Man Experiences Regarding Intimate Sexual Relationship in Jayapura City 2013

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Abstract

Bisexuals are individuals who Involved and enjoyed sexual activities with same sex and different sex. Bisexual men having intercourse by oral, anal and vaginal. According to the data from the Center for Reproductive Health in Jayapura in 2013, there was one case cervicitis on bisexual men which is known from 95 cases of Sexually Transmitted Infections (STI). This research study aimed to describe bisexual men's sexual experiences. A qualitative design method was used with phenomenology approach; informants Involved in this research were 5 people. The selections of informants were using snowball sampling method. Researchers used members to check and thick description to the invalidity of the data. Fifth informants have a sense of attraction to opposite sex couples while they were in junior and high school. Informants interested in the same sex when in junior high school, and college. In addition, one of the informants attracted to the same sex when he became adult and had a work. Four informants did not consistently use condoms. There are 10 to 30 of same-sex couples that performed sex relation for the first time. There were about 10 people who did not get married and have sexual partners of the opposite sex until today based on the informant. The four informants were not consistently used condoms and there was one informant who did not use condom

Keywords: Male, Bisexual, experience

1. Introduction

Bisexual individuals are those individuals who may be involved and enjoy sexual activity with both the opposite gender or knew that he was willing to do that (Crook and Baur, 2005). Bisexual classified into theoretical orientation as bisexual homosexual underwent a similar interest in (Coleman, 1980). A bisexual individual recognition is not easy to do so that the reliability of the data bisexual could not be ascertained. However, it is estimated that the number of men with bisexual orientation in Indonesia in 2013 accounted to 36.631 people.

Data survey conducted by Indonesian Family Planning Association (IPPA) Jayapura city to support reproductive health and prevent sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV AIDS mentioned that there were 874 males interested in male from January to December. However, from 437 of the 874 were men with bisexual orientation. According to the data Center Health Reproduction in Jayapura in 2013 that there was one case cervicitis on bisexual man that known from 95 cases of Infection Sexually Transmitted (IMS).

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No.	Name	Marital status	Address	Age (years)	Occupation
1	DN	Married	Klufkan	42	Private
2	DL	Married	Waena	35	Private
3	KR	Married	Hamadi	32	Private
4	ND	Married	Deplat	33	Private
5	SN	Not married	Abepura	25	Student

TABLE 1: Characteristics of informants.

2. Methods

The method used in this study was a qualitative design with phenomenology approach. There were 5 informants were recruited in this study. The informants were selected using a snowball sampling method. The selection of informants began with knowing one informant from IPPA then informant mentioned another person who can be recruited as informant as well. Researchers used members to check and thick description to the invalidity of the data. Data analysis was done by performing data reduction, presentation, and conclusion.

3. Results and Discussion

3.1. Research Overview

1. The Location of research

This research was conducted in Jayapura City area and the informants' as well. The specific locations were Deplat, Kufkam, Hamadi, Abepura and Waena.

2. The Informants overview

The Informants in this study were 5 people consisting of 3 people and 2 from IPPA. The informant found through snowball sampling. The informants are 1 person Papuan and 4 persons non-Papuan.

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3.2. Interest Informants Experience with Couples

Jennifer Baumgardner (2007) argued, In a sex obsessed world, it appeared that no one wanted to know about bisexual **sex.** Well, because it's not a "real" sexual orientation somehow. Reading about it is confusing them because bisexuals are just confusing. As Plante (2006) argued, Interpretations of what "counts" as bisexual vary widely across groups, as some people identified bisexuals as a Review of those who ever had sexual encounters with the same sex, whereas others pointed to bisexuality as a political chosen and social identity that does not require sexual contact with the same sex (Breanne Fahs, 2009).

The expert has given an explanation of their opinion, yet we need to understand also the results of research studies that have been written about the practice of interest informant with bisexual couples. The research results of the intended experience can be seen in the explanation below.

DN Informant no.1 was first attracted to the opposite sex when he was in The Junior high School (SMP). The informant has a partner who has a higher education which is a lecturer in one of a high school. The informant had sexual intercourse the first time his partner's home. The informant is interested in the same sex as the gay milieu.

The second Informant (DL) first interesting with opposite sex couples when studying in high school. The informant was interested on same-sex couples in college but did not dare to express it. Then, the informant met a soldier and liked each other then had sexual intercourse in 2010 in a house. Informant was interested in the same sex as the informant hangs out with gay, causing feelings of same-sex love.

The third informant (KR) first attracted to the opposite sex when he was studying in junior high school. Then the same-sex attraction occurred in 2010 and they had sexual intercourse in the informant partner's house. The informant's partner is a friend of labor. The Informant was interested in the same sex because he did not know that his close friend is a gay, so the informant influenced by his close friend.

The fourth informants (ND) first felt attracted to the same sex when he was in The junior high school. The informant has an older sister. Informant's brother had a friend who eventually became the same-sex couples for the first time. Then at the age of 25 years the informant showed an interest in the opposite sex. Informant likes the same sex as an abusing experience from the first partner which is his brother's friend. The Informants likes the same sex as the conditions of alcohol makes informants have a desire to have sexual intercourse so that sexual intercourse happened with a college friend who is also gay.

The fifth Informant (SN) has interest in the opposite sex while attending high school. Later, he attracted to same-gender while attending college with his college who is also gay and having sex in a house.

The fifth informant until the time of the study conducted is still performing samesex sexual relations although he already married and has children. According Widyarini (2004) factors that driving the bisexual orientation will manifest into action or sexual behavior that is driven by several circumstances such as trying, sex, unfulfilled emotional needs, and the need for the creation and activity.



3.2.1. Experience of Sexual Relations with Informants' Couple

Informant 1 (DN) has a wife who works as a civil servant. The informant had sexual intercourse with the army, police, shop assistant, private employees, salon workers and students. Informant 2 (DL) has a wife who works as a civil servant. The informant had sexual intercourse with soldier, civil servant, student, taxi driver, and labor.

Informant 3 (KR) has a wife who every day keep the small grocery owned shop to support his family. The informant had a sexual relationship with the mall workers and hotel worker, record shops.

Informant 4 (ND) has a wife who is a housewife. The informant had sexual intercourse with mall worker and students. Informant 5 (SN) has a girlfriend who is a student; however the informant had sexual intercourse with the opposite sex as students but also as a sex worker. Informants never committed same-sex relationships with students, mall workers, and public servants.

The results of this study showed that there are four informants who had been married. According to Dede Utomo et al (2013), that there is an ideal internally hetero normatively with the desire to marry and to found and establish a family with hope that a different sexual orientation can be cured.

3.2.2. Sex type, Condom Use and Numbers of Partner

Informant (DN) perform oral sex with same-sex partner and partner of the opposite sex without using a condom. DN when having vaginal sex with a partner of the opposite sex and wife will use condom. DN also had anal sex with same-sex partner but do not do the opposite sex couples. DN used condom during anal sex. The number of partner of the opposite he ever had was 3 people before marriage. Once married, DN became a loyal husband to his wife by not having another opposite sex couples. However, he admitted that he has same-sex relationship with ten people.

Informant DL performed oral sex only with same-sex partner without using a condom. DL had a vaginal sex with one partner of the opposite sex before marriage without using condom. However, after he got married, DL is faithful to his partner without having sexual relations with another woman. DL had anal sex only with samesex couples. DL did not do anal sex with a partner of the opposite sex. DL use condoms during anal sex with men. DL sometimes does not use condoms because of lust intolerable feeling and thought that his partner is in a clean state. DL still has sex with same-sex partner up to this time. The numbers of same-sex partner that he had been dated are 30 people.

Informant KR had oral sex with a partner of the opposite sex and same-sex partner without using a condom. KR did vaginal sex with his opposite sex partner without using a condom. Before getting married KR had 2 couples of the opposite sex. After married, KR only has vaginal sex with his wife and being faithful to his wife. KR had anal sex only with same-sex couples. While doing anal sex with same-sex couples, KR sometimes using condom but there comes a time when KR did not use condom. KR did not consistently use condom because he and his partner feel uncomfortable during





sex and condom was not available at that time. The number of same-sex partner that he had been dated are25 people. KR still performing same sex relationships up to this time..

Informant ND had oral sex with a partner of the opposite sex and same sex partners without using a condom. ND had vaginal sex without using a condom. Before married, ND had an opposite sex partner. After married, ND was only loyal to his wife. ND had anal sex with his same-sex partner without using condom. ND did not use condom because ND did not have sex every night. ND has 20 same-sex couples since the time he had same-sex relationship to this day. ND still has sex with same-sex couples until today.

Informant SN has 10 opposite sex partners and 15 same-sex partners. SN performed oral sex with a partner of the opposite sex and same sex without using a condom. SN has vaginal sex without using a condom. SN did not use condom because they do not feel comfortable when having sex and when drunken SN has no longer think about condom.

The results showed that one informant consistently using condom, three informants did not consistently use condom, and one informant did not use condom during oral sex, vaginal, and anal. In addition, the research also found the number of sexual partners which were calculated from the first time he having sex up to now is about more than 10 to 30 people. Then, one informant who is not married yet has having sex with10 opposite partners. These results indicated that the informant changing sexual partners cause to use condoms inconsistently. These conditions will have an impact on HIV/AIDS and STD transmission. Thus, using condom is recommended to reduce the risk of transmission of HIV and AIDS through sexual intercourse. This is because a condom during sexual intercourse can directly prevent direct contact with the walls of the anus, vaginal fluids, fluid penis, cervical fluid, and blood (MOH, 2007).

4. Conclusions

The five informants have a sense of attraction to opposite sex couples while in junior high and high school. Informants were interested in the same sex when in junior high school, and college. In addition, one of the informants as an adult attracted to the same sex when he already work. The reason informants were interested with the same sex partner is because the effect of having friends who is also gay. One informant never have experienced abused by the same sex partner. Four informants did not consistently use condom and one informant did not use condom. The Number of same-sex couples the first time perform sex relations until now are about 10 to 30 people. One informant did not get married and have sexual partners of the opposite sex until today about 10 people. This study result showed that it is important for the government or stakeholder or other parties who are concern in public health issues to develop a strategic policy for bisexual men's health.



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