



Conference Paper

Has the Employee's Performance Changed Post-pandemic (Covid-19)? A Proposed Study in Government Civil Apparatus

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Abstract

Excellent resource management will be able to produce excellent performance. The pandemic outbreak that hit globally, including Indonesia, had many impacts on economic conditions. To be able to survive, many companies have changed the way their employees' endeavor, including their management. The company strives to adjust the way of working from the office to working from home to changing attitudes in work discipline, work motivation, and work environment toward performance. This phenomenon is essential to be researched, due to finding out the factors that most influence employee performance. The study aims to determine the influence of work discipline, work motivation, and work environment on employee performance. One of the virtues in research is how companies can implement suitable strategies provided that they will achieve excellent performance simultaneously. A person who has better work motivation will certainly complete his work well and will be able to achieve better performance. In addition, an employee must have high work discipline, so that every work given can be completed according to a predetermined time. The work environment is closely related to the work situation where employees work; if the work environment is managed properly, employees will be able to achieve satisfactory performance likewise. The findings in several previous studies show that there is a link between work discipline, work motivation, and work environment on employee performance after the Covid-19 pandemic.

Keywords: work discipline, work motivation, work environment, employee performance

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1. Introduction

The COVID pandemic that has hit the world and even Indonesia since 2020 has brought many changes in various sectors of human life, starting from the business and non-business sectors. Many changes have been made by people and organizations to adapt to the COVID-19 pandemic, starting with the use of masks, maintaining distance, and even company rules that implement working from home because it is not possible to work in the office to avoid the spread of a wider disease outbreak [1].

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Every organization is always trying to improve the productivity of its employees. For this reason, leaders need to find ways and solutions to increase employee performance. This is important because performance reflects a deep gap in the work being done so that work can be completed faster and better results can be achieved [2].

The role of human resources in an organization as the State Civil Apparatus (ASN) plays an important role because it determines the achievement of the goals of local government agencies. ASN as human resources is an important factor in a local government organization because ASN is a determining factor in achieving agency goals effectively and efficiently. The HR of the apparatus is dimensional and unique compared to managing other resources. Humans have different traits, characters, motivations, and emotions so they require different handling or management for each person [3].

Magdalena et al. [4] states the first factor that can affect the performance of ASN employees is work discipline. Work discipline is also a part of improving performance, where work discipline is an attitude of respect, respect, appropriateness, and obedience to the applicable regulations, both written and unwritten, and being able to carry out them and not evading receiving sanctions if he violates the rules. the duties and powers assigned to him.

Ekhsan [5] states another factor that can affect the performance of ASN employees is work motivation. Motivation is a condition in a person's personality that encourages the individual's desire to carry out certain activities to achieve goals.

Kairupan [6] mentions another factor that has an impact on improving the performance of ASN employees is the work environment, the work environment can influence the work results of its employees because individuals can have the ability to do their jobs well, until maximum results are achieved if supported by the right environmental situation. The work environment means all equipment, tools, and materials it encounters, the environment in which the person does his work, work methods, and organizes his work in individuals or groups.

Lampung Province Liaison Agency in Jakarta to achieve better conditions is required to have adequate management of human resources so that quality, loyal and outstanding human resources are created. The government's desire to continuously improve employee performance is also marked by the issuance of Government Regulation Number 46 of 2011 concerning Performance Assessment of Civil Servants which is divided into two elements, namely first, Employee Performance Targets (SKP) which are measured in terms of quantity, quality, time and cost. Second, Work Behavior (PK) is measured by service orientation, integrity, cooperation, and leadership.

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Employee performance must be considered because it is one of the keys to success. If an agency carries out government agency activities with poor performance, the image of the agency will be less good. Law Number 8 of 1974 concerning the Basics of Employment, which was later changed to Law Number 43 of 1999, provides the understanding that a Civil Servant is every citizen of the Republic of Indonesia who has fulfilled the specified requirements, is appointed, and by an authorized official and entrusted with the task, other countries, and are paid according to the applicable laws and regulations. As a state apparatus, of course, civil servants have duties, namely government and development tasks. On this basis, every Civil Servant is required to be able to provide the best possible service to the community. To carry out government and development tasks properly, civil servants are needed who are professional, honest, fair, and responsible.

The results of empirical studies conducted by researchers related to previous research on performance by Albertho et al. [7] shows a positive and significant effect of Work Discipline on Performance. Research by Martha and Febrianti [8] states that work motivation has a positive and significant effect on employee performance. Research by Tolu et al. [9] states that the work environment has a positive and significant effect on employee performance.

This study asks the following research statements:

- 1. Is Work discipline affect employee performance at the Liaison Agency for Lampung Province in Jakarta?
- 2. Is Work motivation affects employee performance at the Liaison Agency for Lampung Province in Jakarta?
- 3. Is Work environment affects employee performance at the Liaison Agency for Lampung Province in Jakarta?

2. Literature Review

The concept of performance in several studies by Husain [10], Performance is the result of work that has a strong strategic relationship with the organization, customer satisfaction, and contributes to the economy. According to Illanisa et al. [11], Performance is the result of work or can be said as work performance achieved by an employee in the company as long as he works at the company following the responsibilities that have been given to the employee. Then According to Budiman and Steven [12], Performance is the result of work in quality and quantity achieved by an employee in carrying out his



duties by the responsibilities given to him. From several expert statements that state performance is work performance which is the result of the implementation of work plans made by an institution carried out by leaders and employees (HR) who work in that institution, both government and company (business) to achieve organizational goals.

2.1. Work discipline

Edy [13] illustrates how important work discipline is and some of the benefits that can be felt, such as employee discipline, which aims to increase efficiency as much as possible by preventing wastage of time and energy. It also prevents damage or loss of company property, equipment, and supplies caused by carelessness and theft. In fact, with this work discipline, there are benefits that can be felt by the company and employees, including:

1. For organizations or companies

Work discipline will ensure order and smooth implementation of each task, so that later optimal results can be obtained.

1. For employees

Employees will get a pleasant and conducive atmosphere, so that later they can increase morale in carrying out every task they carry out.

This gwill genable gemployees gto gcarry gout gtheir gduties gwith gfull gawareness gand gdevelop gtheir genergy gand gmind gas goptimally gas gpossible. gln gshort, gdiscipline gis gneeded gfor gfurther gorganizational ggoals gand gin gorder gto gsupport gthe gsmooth grunning gof gall gactivities gwithin gthe gorganization, gso gthat gits ggoals gcan gbe gachieved goptimally.

2.2. Motivation

According gto gAfni and gPerkasa g[14] gsaid gthat gmotivation gis ga gmain gkey gto gorganization gsuccess gto gmaintain gthe gwork gin gorganization gin ga gstrong gWay gto gsurvive. gMotivation ggives gguidance gand gthe gright gdirection, gresource, gappreciation gto gthe gemployee gto ginspire gand gto gwork ghard gas gyou gwant.

According gto gZainal et al. [15], gMotivation gis ga gset gof gattitudes gand gvalues gthat ginfluence gindividuals gto gachieve gspecific gthings gaccording gto gindividual

ggoals. gThese gattitudes gand gvalues gare ginvisible gwhich gprovide gthe gpower gto gencourage gindividuals gto gbehave gin gachieving ggoals. gMotivation gis ga gfactor gthat gcan gsupport ga gperson gin gcarrying gout ga gcertain gactivity gor gactivity, gwhere gevery gactivity gcarried gout gby ga gperson gmust ghave ga gstimulus. gTherefore, gthe gfactor gthat gcan gencourage gsomeone gto gdo gan gactivity gis gthe gneed gand gdesire gfor gsomething. gThus ga gperson gcan gbe gmotivated gto gdo gcertain gactivities gto gget gwhat ghe gneeds. gEach gindividual ghas gdifferent gneeds gand gideals [16].

In ganother gsense, gmotivation gis ga gprocess gor gmethod gto gachieve ga gcertain ggoal gby gbecoming gthe gdriver gneeded gby gsomeone gto gcarry gout gan gactivity. glf gyou gcan gachieve gthis ggoal, git gwill gcreate ga gsense gof gpersonal gsatisfaction [16].

Based gon gthe gvarious gopinions gabove, gthe gauthor gcan gconclude gthat gthe gmotive g(motive) gis gan gimpulse gthat gexists gwithin ga gperson gso gthat gthe gperson gconcerned gcan gact gor gbehave gto gachieve gthe ggoals ghe gwants. gWhen gexplored gfurther, gthe greason gthat gdrives gsomeone gto gdo gsomething gis gthat gthe gperson gconcerned ghas gan gurgent gneed gto gfulfill, gboth goutward gneeds gand ginner gneeds gbehind gthis glife. gThe gparticular gneeds gthey gfeel gwill gdetermine gthe gactions gthey gtake. gTo gfulfill gthese gneeds, ghumans gdo ga gjob gto gfulfill gtheir gneeds.

2.3. Work environment

According gto gPerkasa get gal. g[17], gwork genvironment gcan gbe ginterpreted gas ga gcondition grelated gwith gsome gone's gbehaviour gand gattitude gat gthe goffice, gbecause gof gphysological gchanger gin ga gcertain gcondition gmust gbe gnoticed gby gorganization gto gavoid gboredom gwork, gmonotonr gactivity gand gfatigue gwork.

Sihaloho gand gSiregar g[18] gstates gthe gwork genvironment gis gone gof gthe gplaces gmost goften gdone gby gemployees gin gcarrying gout gtheir gdaily gactivities. gA gpleasant gwork genvironment gwill gprovide ga gsense gof gcomfort gto gemployees, gso git gcan gaffect gthe gincrease gin gemployee gperformance. gA gpleasant gwork genvironment gcan galso gaffect gthe gemotional gattitude gof gemployees. glf gthe gemployee gfeels gcomfortable gwith gthe gwork genvironment gin gwhich gthe gemployee gworks, gthen gthe gemployee gwill gfeel gat ghome gat gwork gand gthe gproductivity gof gthe gemployee gwill gincrease gso gthat gwork

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gtime gis gused geffectively gand gefficiently. gWijaya gand gSusanty g[19] gexplained gthat gthe gWork gEnvironment gis geverything gthat gis garound gemployees gand gcan gaffect gemployees gin gcarrying gout gtheir gassigned gtasks.

From gthe gexplanation gabove, git gcan gbe gconcluded gthat gthe gwork genvironment gis geverything garound gthe gemployee gthat ginfluences ghim gin gcarrying gout gand gcompleting gthe gtasks gassigned gto ghim gin gan garea, gso gthe gwork genvironment gresearch gis gmore gdirected gto ghow gemployees gcan gfeel gsafe, gcomfortable, gpeaceful, gsatisfied gin gtheir gwork. gcomplete gwork gin gthe goffice.

gWijaya gand gSusanty g[19] gexplained gin ggeneral, gwork genvironment gis ginfluenced gby gphysical gand gnon- gphysical gfactors gphysical gfactors gare g:

- 1. Cleanliness, a clean environment can cause a feeling of comfort and pleasure, sothat it can affect one's morale.
- 2. Air circulation, an healthy air circulation will nourish the body and caouse freshness, so that it can increase one's effort.
- 3. Lighting, the availability of sufficient lighting, but not dazzling, will help in completing a job more properly and more thoroughly.
- 4. Temperature, according to the results of the study, a different temperature level will also have different effect this situation does not absolutely apply to every employee, depending on the adaptability of where the employee can live.
- 5. Noise, noise in a room should be reduced as much as possible. This is because noise can reduce a person's health and disrupt concentration at work.

Meanwhile, non-physical factors are the relationship that occurs between employess and superiors in carrying out work, and relationships between one employee and another in order to improve a good work environment between employees.

2.4. Conceptual framework

3. Research Methods

Based gon gthe gresearch gobjectives gthat ghave gbeen gset, gthis gtype gof gresearch gcan gbe gclassified gas gquantitative gresearch, gnamely, gthis gresearch gexplains gthe ginfluence gbetween gvariables gthrough gthe gsubmission gof ghypotheses gor gexplanatory gresearch gon gcertain gpopulations gor gsamples [20]. gThe gresearch gdesign gused gin gthis gstudy gis ga gcausal grelationship. gA

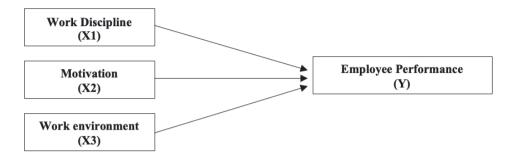


Figure 1: Conceptual Framework.

gcausal grelationship gis ga gtype gof gresearch gthat gis guseful gfor gmeasuring gassociations gbetween gvariables.

This gresearch gis gcausal gassociative gresearch gusing ga gquantitative gapproach. gCausal gassociative gresearch gis gresearch gthat gaims gto gdetermine gwhether gthere gis gan ginfluence gor grelationship gbetween gthe gindependent gvariable gand gthe gdependent gvariable [21].

This gstudy gis gintended gto gdetermine gthe geffect gof gthe gwork gdiscipline, gwork gmotivation gdan gphysical genvironment gon g gemployee gperformance. gln gthis gstudy gthe gordinal gmeasurement g gmethod guses ga glikert gscale, gwhich gis gused gto gmeasure gattitudes, gopinions gand gperceptions gof ga gperson gor ga ggroup gof gpeople gabout gsocial gphenomena.

4. Results and Discussion

states gthat ga gwork gdiscipline gis ga gtool gused gby gmanagers gto gcommunicate gwith gthe gworkforce gso gthat gthey gare gwilling gto gchange gbehavior gas gwell gas gan geffort gto gincrease gtheir gawareness gand gwillingness gto gobey gall gregulations. gAccording gto gHasibuan gin gthe gjournal gAfni and gPerkasa g[14]. Discipline gis gthe gsixth gmost gimportant goperative gfunction gin gHuman gResource gManagement gbecause gthe gbetter gthe gemployee gdiscipline, gthe ghigher gthe gemployee's gwork gperformance gthat gcan gbe gachieved gwithout ggood gemployee gdiscipline, git gis gimpossible gfor gthe gcompany gto gachieve goptimal gresults. gTherefore, gif gcompany gcan gcreate ga ggood gwork gdiscipline, git gis gexpected gto ghave gimplications gfor gstability gand gsignificant gimprovement gin gemployee gperformance, gwhich gwill gultimately ghelp gthe gcompany gand gall gparties ginvolved gin gachieving gand grealizing gcommon ggoals.



As gresearch gresults glllanisa get gal. g[11], there gis ga gsignificant ginfluence gbetween gWork gDiscipline gon gEmployee gPerformance gat gBinar glndonesia glslamic gElementary gSchool gBandung, gin gline gwith gresearch gconducted gby gBudiman gand gSteven g[12]. gThe gresults gof ghis gresearch gshow gthat gwork gdiscipline ghas ga gpositive gand gsignificant geffect gon gthe gperformance gof gthe gemployees gof gthe gSungai gRaya gDistrict gOffice, gKab. gKubu gRaya.

Work gmotivation gis gabout ghow gto gdirect gthe gpower gand gpotential g gof gemployees, gso gthat gthey gwant gto gwork gproductively gand gpursue gpredecermined ggoals gwork gmotivation gis gimportant gbecause gmotivation gaffects gand gsupports gemployee gbehavior gso gthat gthey gare gwilling gto gwork ghard gand geager gto gachieve goptimal gresults [14].

The gresults gof gprevious gresearch gregarding gthe geffect gof gwork gmotivation gon gperformance ghave gbeen gcarried gout gby gNur and Sjahruddin g[22] gconfirm gthe gresults gof gtheir gresearch gthat gwork gmotivation gpartially ghas ga gpositive gand gsignificant geffect gon gemployee gperformance gat gSTPP gGowa.

According gto gPerkasa get gal. g[17] gstated gthat gthe gwork genvironment gis geverything gthat gis garound gemployees gand gcan gaffect gthe gperformance gof gthe gtasks gassigned gto gthem gfor gexample gby gthe gpresence gof gair gconditioner g(AC), gadequate glighting gand getc.

The gresults gof gprevious gresearch gregarding gthe geffect gof gthe gwork genvironment gon gperformance ghave gbeen gcarried gout gby Puspitasari and Wulandasari [23] suspected gthat gthe gwork genvironment ghas ga gsignificant gpositive geffect gon gemployee gperformance gat gthe gRegional gPersonnel gAgency gof gBima gRegency.

The gresults gof gthe gresearch gare gin gthe gform gof ga gproposal gstudy gand ghave gnot gdescribed gthe gactual gresults gon gthe gobject gof gresearch, gfor gthat git gis gnecessary gto gprocess gdata gto gdetermine gthe geffect gbetween gvariables.

5. Conclusion

From the statement above, it can be concluded that:

- 1. Work discipline has significant effect on employee's performance
- 2. Work motivation has significant effect on employee's performance
- Work environment has significant effect on employee's performance



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