

Research Article

The Role of the Village Consultancy Board in the Inter-time Election of the Head of the New Kampung Pekon Subdistrict, Kota Agung Timur, Tanggamus Regency

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Abstract.

The interim Village Head Election is a mandate from Article 47 of Law Number 6 of 2014 concerning villages. In this case, when an interim Village Head Election is held, the dismissed village head's remaining term of office is more than one year. Pekon Kampung Baru, Kota Agung Timur Subdistrict, Tanggamus Regency, held an interim election due to the death of the Village Head with a remaining term of 5 years and 8 months; in support of the Village Head inter-time substitution process so that it runs smoothly. As a Village Consultative Body, it plays an important role in the Inter-time alternation process. The purpose was to find out how the role of the Village Consultative Body plays an important role in the interim shift process using qualitative research methods, data collection techniques through observation, and interviews and documentation. Based on the findings, it was concluded that: (1) the Village Consultative Body's role in the Interim Election of Village Heads in Kampung Baru Village was not fully maximized, due to the Village Consultative Body members' partiality with the Village Head Candidates, resulting in miscommunication between members of the Village Consultative Body and others, as well as the village government. (2). The implementation of the interim election for the Village Head of Kampung Baru only involves elements of the government, namely 5 Hamlet Heads, 1 youth leader, namely the Karang Taruna leader, 1 religious leader, and 9 Village Consultative Bodies.

Keywords: role, Village Consultative Body, change between time

1. Introduction

According to LABOLO, Muhammad. (2022). The role of the Village Consultative Body in the implementation of democratic village governance, one of which is related to its duties in the process of selecting Village Heads. The first role of the Village Consultative Body in the Village Head Election is the formation of the Village Head election committee, besides that which is no less important in the process of selecting Village Heads that will take place is the role of the Village Consultative Body in behaving

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and acting politely, objectively, and impartially. One of the duties and functions of the Village Consultative Body is to organize Village/ Pekon Head Elections, as regulated in the laws and regulations concerning villages. As an institution mandated by law, it is obligated to organize and produce quality elections. In the election of village heads, community participation is a characteristic form of a government system that adheres to a democratic system, including village head elections which are carried out directly, publicly, freely, confidentially, honestly and fairly, as these principles exist in the implementation of general elections. The Village Head Election process aims to choose leaders at the lowest level which involves the local community, whether they are candidates for Village Heads, committees and even supervisors and the process and results are felt directly by the community itself. (WALSH-TAPIATA, Wheturangi, 2020)

Kampung Baru Village, Kota Agung Timur Subdistrict, Tanggamus Regency, has conducted Village Head Elections to elect new Village Heads for the 2020-2026 period. Pekon is a village designation for the Lampung Province area. YAMIN, Ahmad; SUPRIYADI (2020) said that Pekon is a legal community unit that has the authority to regulate and manage the interests of the local community based on local origins and customs that are recognized in the National Government system and are located in the Regency area. The election of Village Heads was carried out directly by the people of Kampung Baru Village, Kota Agung Timur District, Tanggamus Regency, on December 7, 2020, here the community can play an active role in the implementation of democracy by voicing their right to elect their leaders for the next few years.

In the 2020-2026 Village Village Head Election in Kampung Baru Village, Kota Agung Timur District, Tanggamus Regency, the new Village Head was inaugurated in February 2021, after being sworn in as Village Head, he officially became the Village New Village Head. But it is unfortunate that his tenure only lasted for 4 months, because he had passed away. For the sake of maintaining the function of the Village Government and not interfering with services to the community, the remaining term of office of the Village Head who is left due to: death, own request/resignation, or dismissal, an Inter-Time Replacement of Village Head must be selected. Due to the vacancy of the Village Head position in Kampung Baru Village, Kota Agung Timur District, Tanggamus Regency, the Regent of Tanggamus immediately appointed the Acting Village Head at the suggestion of the Kota Agung Timur Camat and had to be appointed from the State Civil Apparatus to replace the deceased Village Head.

After the Village Head Officer was inaugurated and continued the vacancy, there was a slight problem, namely the disharmony between the Village Consultative

Body and the Village Government, this was allegedly due to miscommunication. In addition, another problem arises, namely this disharmony also occurs between the Village Consultative Body and the old Village Head who has died, and with the Village Head Officer, the problem is that there are two different groups in the Village Consultative Body where there are pros and cons between the Village Heads. the previous period with the Village Head who has died and the Acting Village Head.

Furthermore, according to WIDYASTUTI, Tri Rini; WARDIYONO, F. X.; SUTOYO (2022) Election of Village Heads in Kampung Baru Village has obtained two candidates for Village Heads, for the Election of new Village Heads in Kampung Baru is not directly elected by the people, but the election is only from the Kampung Baru Village Government, because this is an election Interim Replacement so it does not involve the whole community. In supporting the process of selecting the Inter-Timely Replacement of Village Heads in Kampung Baru Village to run smoothly, the Village Consultative Body should carry out its role in accordance with its duties, which is not involved in the pros and cons of Village Head candidates who have not been elected or those who have been elected. However, unfortunately, the role of the Village Consultative Body of Kampung Baru Pekon in carrying out its duties at the time of the Interim Replacement election was not in accordance with the regulations where the Village Consultative Body had been divided into two camps, namely already sided with the choice of the respective Pekon Head candidate. As a village government institution, the Village Consultative Body should be able to carry out one of its duties and functions, namely to play a role in the Election of Village Heads. In addition, a good cooperative relationship between the Village Consultative Body and the Village government is also very necessary and is one of the factors that influence the implementation of the main tasks and supervisory functions of the Village Consultative Body in Pilkakon.

In this case, the role of the Village Consultative Body in the election of Village Heads in Kampung Baru Village, Kota Agung Timur District, Tanggamus Regency can be said to have not been maximized. Based on the background of the problem presented, this research is formulated with the title: "The Role of the Village Consultative Body in the Interim Election of the Village Head of Kampung Baru, Kota Agung Timur District, Tanggamus Regency".

2. Theoretical framework

Geographically, Kampung Baru Village is a village located in East Kota Agung District, Tanggamus Regency, Lampung Province. The location of the Kampung

Baru Pekon area is a stretch of plains and slopes, the land area according to the ecosystem is an area of 1350 ha, rice field area 350 ha, technical irrigation 350 ha, non-technical irrigation, land area 755 ha, settlements 175 ha, plantation 755 ha, government offices 30 ha, school yard land 2.75 ha, and others 37.25 ha. The population in Kampung Baru Village is 2974 people, with 617 family heads, 1519 males and 1455 females. The people of Pekon Kampung Baru have various ethnicities ranging from Acehnese, Minang, Sundanese, Javanese, Lambrau, Lampung and Palembang ethnic groups.

In this case, the purpose of socializing about the Election of Village Heads to the community is one of them to provide an understanding to the public regarding the procedure for voting correctly, how to count valid and invalid votes, and procedures for voting properly and correctly in accordance with applicable regulations. as one of the Village Head election committee, socialization about Village Head Election is given to the community. The purpose of Pekon Kampung Baru is to provide an understanding to the community about the importance of choosing Village Heads who they will become leaders in the next 6 years and explain the procedures for voting for valid and invalid votes. The people of Pekon Kampung Baru all participated in the Pilkakon which was held in Pekon Kampung Baru. One of the roles of the democratic Village Consultative Body in the Election of Village Heads is that the Village Consultative Body is neutral and does not side with anyone, for fear of fraud in many ways, such as the practice of money politics and voting. However, in reality, the role of the Village Consultative Body in the Interim Election of Village Heads of Villages in New Village has not been good, in which there is miscommunication and the partiality of the members of the Village Consultative Council with the candidate for the new Village Head because the members of the Village Consultative Body themselves cannot carry out their main duties properly, which in fact The occurrence of the split of 2 groups of members of the Village Consultative Body itself is because there are members of the Village Consultative Body who still support the former head of the old Pekon, and do not agree with the new one.

2.1. Village Consultative Body

The Village Consultative Body in the administration of Village Government acts as an institution that is the embodiment of democracy. The position of the Village Consultative Body is to strengthen the Village Government in exercising the right to regulate and manage its own household democratically in accordance with the aspirations of the community.

The Village Consultative Body is an institution that embodies democracy in the implementation of Village Government, the Village Consultative Body can be considered as the "parliament" of the village. The Village Consultative Body is a new institution in the village in the era of regional autonomy in Indonesia. The Village Consultative Body has the function of establishing village regulations with the village head, accommodating and channeling community aspirations. (SARGA, Elsa Ayu Putu, 2021).

SOLEH, Mohammad; SUGIHARTO, Imawan; KHAMIM, Moh, (2022) Juridically, the task of the Village Consultative Body refers to village regulations, namely Law Number 6 of 2014 concerning Villages which states that "Villages are villages and villages Adat or what is called by another name Village, is a legal community unit that has territorial boundaries that are authorized to regulate and manage government affairs, the interests of the local community based on community initiatives, origin rights, and/or traditional rights that are recognized and respected in the State government system. Unity of the Republic of Indonesia". In Law Number 6 of 2014 the Village Consultative Body has the following functions:

- a. Discuss and agree on the Draft Village Regulation with the Village Head.
- b. Accommodating and channeling the aspirations of the Village community.
- c. Supervise the performance of the Village Head.

In the second part, Article 32 of the Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 110 of 2016 concerning the Village Consultative Body explains that "The Village Consultative Body has the authority to form the Village Head Election Committee". (MIGLIORATI, Marta, 2022)

2.2. Village Head Election

Tanggamus Regency Regional Regulation No. 1 of 2022 concerning Procedures for Election, Appointment/Inauguration and Dismissal of Village Heads: Article 1 Paragraph 6 "Pekon is another name for a village within the area of Tanggamus Regency". Regional Regulation of Tanggamus Regency No. 1 of 2022 concerning Procedures for Election, Appointment/Inauguration and Dismissal of Village Heads: Article 1 Paragraph 12 "Election of Village Heads is the implementation of people's sovereignty in Village Villages in the context of electing Village Heads which are direct, general, free, confidential, honest and fair"

Tanggamus Regency Regional Regulation No. 1 of 2022 concerning Procedures for the Election, Appointment/Inauguration and Dismissal of Village Heads: Article 1

Paragraph 13 "The Village Head is the Village Head within the Tanggamus Regency area".

Regulation of the Regent of Tanggamus concerning Procedures for the Election of Village Heads Article 3:

1. Stages of Election of Village Heads consist of:

- a. Committee Formation.
- b. Selection of candidates.
- c. Determination of the names of the candidates.
- d. Campaign implementation.
- e. Implementation of voting.
- f. Village Chief Appointment.

2. After entering the Village Head Election Stage as referred to in paragraph (1), the Village Head Office shall form a Village Head Election Committee.

3. The Village Head Election Committee as referred to in paragraph (2) carries out its duties in accordance with the provisions of the Tanggamus Regency Regional Regulation No. 04 of 2006 concerning Procedures for Election, Appointment/Inauguration and Dismissal of Village Heads.

Candidates for Village Heads must meet the following requirements:

1. Citizens of the Republic of Indonesia as evidenced by a photocopy of the Identity Card and showing the original Identity Card.
2. Willing to uphold and practice Pancasila, implement the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia, and defend and maintain the integrity of the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia and Bhinneka Tunggal Ika as evidenced by a statement letter.
3. Minimum education graduated from Junior High School or equivalent as evidenced by a legalized photocopy of the diploma and showing the original diploma.
4. Be at least 25 (twenty five) years old at the time of registration as evidenced by a legalized photocopy of the birth certificate.
5. Willing to be nominated as village head as evidenced by a statement letter.
6. Certificate of not having their voting rights revoked based on a court decision that has permanent legal force from the district court.
7. Physically and mentally healthy as evidenced by a health certificate from the Regional Hospital and Mental Hospital of Lampung Province.

8. Never been a village head for 3 terms of office, as evidenced by a statement letter.
9. Drug-free certificate issued by the Kota Agung Regional General Hospital, the National Narcotics Agency of Tanggamus Regency and/or the Tanggamus
10. Resort Police.
11. Certificate of Police Records .
12. For Civil Servants who nominate themselves, must attach a written permit from the regional staffing officer.
13. The latest 5 pieces of 4X6 color photographs.

2.3. Intertime Change

The election of the village head is an instrument in the formation of a modern and democratic government. The democratic party at the level of the smallest administrative area is basically carried out to follow up on the dismissal of the village head based on the applicable laws and regulations. This is as regulated in Article 40 paragraph (1) of Law Number 6 of 2014 concerning Villages, which states that "The Village Head resigns because:

- a. die;
- b. own request; or
- c. dismissed.

Referring to the contents of the article, the implementation of the Pilkades must be carried out immediately to fill the vacant position of the village head. In the latest regulations, if the village head is dismissed within the remaining term of office of more than 1 year, then an Inter-Time Village Head election is held through village meetings. This is a mandate from Article 47 of Law Number 6 of 2014 concerning Villages which states that:

1. In the event that the remaining term of office of the dismissed village head as referred to in Article 43 is more than 1 (one) Year, the Regent/Mayor shall appoint a civil servant from the Regency/Municipal Government as the acting Village Head.
2. The acting Village Head as referred to in paragraph (1) carries out the duties, authorities, obligations, and rights of the Village Head as referred to in Article 26 until the Village Head is determined.

3. The Village Head as referred to in paragraph (2) is elected through a Village Deliberation that meets the requirements as referred to in Article 33.
4. The Village Deliberation as referred to in paragraph (3) shall be held no later than 6 (six) months after the Village Head is dismissed.
 1. The Village Head elected through the Village Deliberation as referred to in paragraph (3) shall carry out the duties of the Village Head until the remaining term of office of the dismissed Village Head expires.
 2. Further provisions regarding the Village Deliberation as referred to in paragraph (3) shall be regulated in a Government Regulation

3. Methods

The research used in this study according to Moleong, (2016) "a conceptual framework that describes the stages of the research. The stages used in this research include: determining the identification and formulation of the problem, determining the purpose and usefulness of the research, formulating a framework of thought, finding the basis for a literature review and determining research methods, collecting and processing data, conducting data analysis, drawing conclusions and providing suggestions.

- a. Research design

Then, the research design that the researcher uses is as follows:

- b. The scope of research

The main data obtained directly from the research field by conducting interviews with respondents. Respondents were limited to the role of the Village Consultative Body in the Democratic Village Head Election. While the scope of the location is limited to Kampung Baru Village, Kota Agung Timur District, Tanggamus Regency.

- c. Research focus

The focus of the research is on the role of the Village Consultative Body in the Election of a Democratic Village Head in Kampung Baru Village, Kota Agung Timur District, Tanggamus Regency.

- d. Subjects and Sources of Information

The subjects as targets in this study were the Village Consultative Body Officers, the Election Committee for the Head of the Kampung Baru Village and the supporting informants were the residents of the Kampung Baru Village.

4. Results and Discussion

4.1. Village Consultative Body

1. The role of the Village Consultative Body for Village Heads in a democratic Village Head Election in Kampung Baru Village is to form a Pilkakon committee, conduct deliberations, conduct supervision, and not take sides with the Village Head candidates which should be neutral.
2. The importance of the task of the Village Consultative Body in the Election of Village Heads, namely supervision is due to the fear of fraud in many ways, such as the practice of money politics and voting..
3. The Village Consultative Body in carrying out its tupoksi in the Inter-Time Election of Village Heads in Kampung Baru Village has not been said to be going well, this is because the Village Consultative Body members are partial to the new Village Head candidate.
4. Factors that caused the members of the Village Consultative Body to split into 2 groups due to differences of opinion with the new Village Head candidate, where there were some members who were still pro with the old former Village Head while the other Village Consultative Body members were pro with the old Village Head candidate. the new one.

However, the role of the village consultative body has not been fully said to be good and in accordance with its role, because where there is miscommunication and partiality to the candidate for the Village Head at the time of the Interim Replacement election. Factors that cause members of the village consultative body. Kampung Baru Village Heads were divided into 2 groups due to differences of opinion with the new Village Head candidates, where there were some members who were still pro with the former Village Head while the other members of the village consultative body were in favor of the new Village Head candidate. Of course, in this case the Pekon Kampung Baru Village Consultative Body has not carried out its roles and duties properly.

4.2. Village Head Election

Regional Regulation of Tanggamus Regency No. 1 of 2022 concerning Procedures for Election, Appointment/Inauguration and Dismissal of Village Heads: Article 1 Paragraph 12 "Election of Village Heads is the implementation of people's sovereignty in Villages

in the context of electing Village Heads which are direct, general, free, confidential, honest and fair”.

Then it is known that there is a campaign carried out by the Village Head candidates to the Kampung Baru Village community, from the campaign it is hoped that the community can choose a Village Head candidate that fits the required criteria.

1. The purpose of holding Interim Substitute Elections to fill or replace Village Heads who have died when their term of office has not yet expired, with the Interim Elections held, namely to obtain new Village Heads to lead Village New Villages for the next 6 years.
2. The purpose of holding Interim Substitute Elections to fill or replace Village Heads who have died when their term of office has not yet expired, with the Interim Elections held, namely to obtain new Village Heads to lead Village New Villages for the next 6 years.

Furthermore, according to Opinion, Jannes (2021) Before the Village Head Election was held, there had been socialization regarding the proper and correct procedures for the Village Head Election so that the Kampung Baru Village community understood and there were no mistakes on voting day. Next, there is a campaign from the candidates for Village Heads to convey their vision and mission to become new leaders in Kampung Baru Village.

The election of Village Heads in Kampung Baru Village has been carried out well, and a new Village Head has been elected. Elections are carried out directly by those who have been elected and have been sworn in and have died, so that they are replaced by the Acting Head of Villages.

5. Democracy

According to Joseph Schmeter, democracy is “an institutional plan to reach a political decision in which individuals have the power to decide how to compete competitively for the people’s vote”. The people of Pekon Kampung Baru all participated in the Village Head Election which was held in New Village. The election of the Village Heads also went well without any fuss. Election of Village Heads, Villagers in

Kampung Baru are given the freedom to be able to choose Village Heads according to their respective choices, so that here the community can participate and show their

freedom in voicing their respective rights, there is no coercion, and is direct, general, and public. free, confidential, honest, and fair in accordance with the principle of election which is elected by the people directly.

6. Conclusion

Based on the results of the research and discussion, it can be seen that:

1. The role of the Village Consultative Body in the Election of Village Heads in Kampung Baru Village has not been carried out properly, because there is still partiality between the members of the Village Consultative Body and the Village Head, resulting in miscommunication and splitting into 2 groups between members of the Village Consultative Body.
2. The election of village heads in Kampung Baru village can be said to be in the category of democratic elections. evidenced by elections that are direct, general, free, confidential, honest and fair. With the freedom given to the community so that they can choose the Village Head who they think is good and can be used as a leader in the Kampung Baru Village. It's just that in the Intertime Elections the Village Heads cannot be said to be democratic, because voting does not involve all members of the community, it only involves 9 village deliberative bodies, 5 Hamlet heads, 1 Karang Taruna, and 1 religious figure.

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